

	Autumn 1								Autumn 2							Spring 1					Spring 2					Summer 1					Summer 2																	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39									
13	Crime and Deviance , distinction. Functionalist Theories- Durkheim, boundary maintenance and adaptation Merton's Strain Theory- social structure and anomie. Subcultural Strain theory, Cohen and underclass Marxist theory- Criminogenic capitalism, ideological functions, Neo- Marxist theories New criminology and Moral panic Interactionist Approach- Labelling theory, Folk devil Left and Right Realist theories Late and post modernity and social harm											Impact of demographic characteristics on crime; Ethnicity, Gender and Social Class					PPE1	Globalisation and Crime Influence of the media on crime. Green and State crime- Human rights					Crime prevention - Left and Right Realists Situational and environmental crime prevention Measures of crime- official crime statistics, victim survey and self- report Victims of crime- positivist and critical victimology Criminal Justice system- role of agencies Racism and dominant ideology Women in CJS- Chivalry thesis					PPE2	Revision of Education Revision of Methods on context					A- Level Exam														
	Mass Media Features of new media including digitalisation, digital environment and interconnectivity. Neo-philliacs vs cultural pessimists Techno- Optimists and Techno- Pessimists Consumer choice Ownership and Control: Marxist and Neo-Marxist Pluralistic views and patterns of ownership											Media,globalisation and culture- High culture, popular culture and global culture. Cultural Imperialism and cultural homogenisation.					PPE1	What makes the news and media representation					Effects of media on audiences - hypodermic syringe model, two step flow, selective filter model.					PPE 2	Revision of Families and Households.					A- Level exam														
	Sociological Perspectives - Structural (macro) versus Social Action (micro). Functionalism, Marxism, Feminism, New Right, Interactionism, Social action theory, symbolic interactionism, phenomenology, Modernity and Post- modernity, ethnomethodology.																PPE1	Relationship between theory and methods (positivism, interpretivism and Realism)					Sociology as a science Falsification, paradigms and realism. Positivism, paradigms Value freedom and objectivity					PPE2	Sociology and social policy Key research methods in context; Questionnaires, Interviews, observations Experiments Types of data Sampling techniques					A- Level exam														
12	Education Role and function of education Consensus theories- Functionalism, New right and marketisation. Conflict Theories- Marxism- capitalist ideology, Feminism- patriarchy. Interpretivist and Post-modernist theories.											Demographic characteristics and education Social class Ethnicity Gender Internal and external factors Material and cultural deprivation Labelling, subcultures and socialisation					PPE 1	Educational policies and their impact on education Marketisation policies					Impact of Globalisation on education					Methods in context Factors affecting choice of research methods Key issues in research- gender, ethnicity and social class.					PPE 2	Key research methods in context; Questionnaires, Interviews, observations Experiments Types of data Sampling techniques as applied to education.					Sociological use of documents and official statistics Bias					Revision End of year 12 Exam				

	Family and Households Different and changing family types and socialisation Theoretical perspectives; Functionalism- value consensus, Marxism- units of consumption, Feminism- patriarchy, New Right- welfare dependency and underclass, Post- modernism- family diversity and individualism.	Relationship between the state and family. The influence of social policy	Changes in Family structure. Divorce Diversity of roles and relationships Gender scripts rationality Domestic violence	Changes in Childhood The march of progress	Demographic changes in birth and death rates Migration linked to globalisation	Perspectives on the family and links to social policy	PPE 2	Social policy and impact on the family	Research methods investigating the Family	Revision of Families and Households	End of year 12 Exam
	Sociological Theory- Functionalism, Marxism, Feminism, New Right, Interactionism, Modernity and Post- modernity.		Research methods on Sociology Positivism and interpretivism, research design, quantitative and qualitative methods, representative samples, primary and secondary data, pilot studies			PPE2	Key research methods- theoretical and practical considerations of research. Questionnaires, interviews, observations, experiments, documents, official statistics	Revision	End of year 12 Exam		